

THE SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES FOR THE STRATEGY OF SUSTAINABLE MULTIPOLAR WORLD ORDER'S ESTABLISHMENT BASED ON PARTNERSHIP OF CIVILIZATIONS

In the end of the 20th century, the humankind entered the period of historical rift, profound, long-drawn-out global crisis brought about by the change of super-long-term civilization cycles, decline of the industrial, market and capitalist global civilization and establishment of the integral, humanistic and noospheric civilization; transfer from the fourth generation of local civilizations with the domineering West to the fifth generation with the leading East. It turned out that politicians were incapable to understand the deep-lying roots of the crisis and give an adequate answer to the threatening challenge. Scientific comprehension of the reasons of the crisis and substantiation of the long-term strategy for its overcoming and entering the sustainable development trajectory are required. This task is being solved by the leading scholars and diplomats of the world.

The global crisis encompassed all continents and all components of the civilization's genotype (the whole structure of the society). The crisis of energy and the environment is building up and is manifested in exhaustion of natural resources, accelerated pollution of the environment and increase of the number of natural disasters and technology-related catastrophes. The number of countries, where depopulation goes on, is increasing, the number of the unemployed, especially young people, reached the critical level, the migration wave swept over Western Europe, hunger is growing, epidemics are spreading, social-demographic polarization between countries and civilizations is strengthening. The rates of increase in efficiency of labour and renewal of fixed capital slowed down, the technological gap between vanguard and backward countries and civilizations is widening. The world economy is more and more turning into the virtual and parasite economy of "soap bubbles" and the sphere of transnational corporations and banks dominance, the rates of economic growth are decreasing, the gap between rich and poor countries and social strata is widening. The science growth rates and its prestige in the society are decreasing, it is becoming extremely commercial and pragmatic, mass culture is wide-spreading and

moral principles of the society and family are undermined. Geopolitical antagonisms are aggravated in the world, the number of local armed conflicts and aggressive military actions by the United States and NATO increases, the wave of international terrorism became a manifestation of barbarism's going against civilization. The ghost of the Cold War is revived again, the armaments race is strengthening.

All these manifestations of the global civilization crisis were not adequately evaluated and were not effectively answered strategically by the United Nations and other international organizations. Scholarly comprehension and long-term global strategy are required to provide sustainable social and political development and formation of the multipolar world order.

Civilizational approach to the strategy for overcoming the global crisis and entering the sustainable development trajectory is manifested first of all in the contemporary global crisis's acknowledgement as a civilization crisis, brought about by change of super-long-term cycles of world and local civilizations' dynamics. Understanding the deep-lying foundations of the contemporary global crisis proceeds from that on the declining wave of the sixth civilization cycle and the fifth Kondratiev's cycle as well as the necessity to accelerate transfer to the rising wave of the seventh civilization cycle and the sixth Kondratiev's cycle in the 2020s.

The main players on the geopolitical scene in the 21st century are no more than 220 recognized and unrecognized states (with 193 of them being the United Nations members), and 12 local civilizations of the fifth generation – social megasystems, which unite states with the common system of civilization values and history. They are three European civilizations (West European, East European, Eurasian), six civilizations from Asia and Africa (Chinese, Indian, Japanese, Buddhist, Moslem and African) and three recently formed civilizations from America and Oceania (North American, Latin American and Oceanic).

Differentiation of the mixed Moslem civilization into five local civilizations is possible in the next decades: Arab, Persian, Turkish (Euro-Moslem), Indo-Moslem (Pakistan, Bangladesh, Afghanistan), Pacific-Moslem (Indonesia and Malaysia).

Inter-relations between civilizations (their clashes, opposition or dialogue and partnership) will determine the courses of global civilization development and the fate of the humankind in the 21st century.

The Russian civilization school singles out the main governing laws of civilizations' formation and interaction dynamics:

— the governing law for cyclic dynamics of world civilizations, generations of local civilizations and the global civilization, going through super-long-term civilization cycles and serious civilization crises when cycles change;

— genetic governing laws expressed in transformation of the six components of the civilization genotype in the process of cyclic development (natural and environmental, social and demographic, technological, economic, social and cultural, and geopolitical);

— the law of polarization and social-political partnership in the process of civilization crises and their overcoming;

— the governing law for differentiation of local civilizations of the mixed type;

— the substantiated by Pitirim Sorokin social law of fluctuation of totalitarianism and freedom, the law of positive and negative moral and religious polarization in the periods of civilization crises and ways out of them.

The system of geopolitical relations, interaction of states and civilizations originated more than five millennia ago from the establishment of early-class world civilization and the first generation of local civilizations on the narrow stripe to the north of the Equator, in the valleys of the great historical rivers (Ancient Egyptian, Sumerian, Indian, Chinese civilizations), on the shore of the Mediterranean Sea or at the crossroads of sea routes (Phoenician and Minoan civilizations). The relations to exchange economic, technological and cultural achievements between civilizations were already being formed then, though there were armed clashes between them in their interactions. The level of intensive interaction between the first generation civilizations was still weak.

Interaction of civilizations strengthened in the course of the centuries and there were changes in the world order model. If at the first stage the borders of the first

generation civilizations and states mostly coincided, their interaction in the Antique times considerably accelerated. Intensive economic and cultural ties between civilizations developed in the periods when the Greek and Phoenician civilizations were the leaders and colonized the regions of the Mediterranean Sea and the Black Sea in the 8th – 6th centuries B.C., the dynamics of their dialogue and partnership strengthened. The example is the origination of the mixed Greek and Scythian civilization in the north of the Black Sea region (The Kingdom of Bosphorus, the 5th century B.C. – the 5th century A.D.). The first world empires originated that included regions with various civilizations (the Achaemenid Persian Empire, the Hellenic Empire of Alexander the Great, the Roman Empire).

The interaction of the third generation local civilizations that encompassed the biggest part of the habitable globe, considerably increased in the Middle Ages. This was manifested both in the increase of clashes between civilizations (the Crusades) and development of big trade routes, expansion of dialogue and origination of elements of civilization partnership, establishment of the empires – the Arab Caliphate, the Holy Roman Empire, the Byzantium Empire, the short-lived Mongolian Empire.

American civilizations that had developed independently, were destroyed in the process of America's conquering, and world empires of the colonial type were established – Spanish, Portuguese, British, French as well as the opposing them Russian and Ottoman Empires. Interaction between civilizations manifested in the form of wars and colonial seizures, while the processes of dialogue between civilizations strengthened in connection with accelerated development of trade routes all over the globe.

The system of colonial rule with Western Europe's domination was formed in the period of industrial civilization (19th – 20th centuries), there were clashes between civilizations in the form of the Napoleonic Wars, World War I and World War II. There were attempts made to establish the new world order model based on state partnership in the form of the Holy Alliance after the Napoleonic Wars and the League of Nations after World War I.

In 1917, the world disintegrated into two systems and interactions between the capitalist system in the monopolist stage and the socialist system originated, and that added a new aspect to interactions between civilizations, which was manifested during World War II.

Foundation of the League of Nations could not prevent World War II that started from the formation of the aggressive axis Berlin – Rome – Tokyo, aspiring to world domination. After Fascist Germany and its allies attacked the USSR, the Anti-Hitler Coalition was formed, it was a partnership of most states fighting against aggressive reactionary forces from the Fascist militarist bloc of Germany, Italy and Japan. Contradictions between socialist and capitalist states went to the background, and that allowed to combine efforts and win.

The leaders of the three leading powers from the Anti-Hitler Coalition – the USSR, the USA and the UK – laid the foundations of the Yalta world at the Yalta Conference held on February 4-11, 1945 – it was a comparatively sustainable after-war world order with the United Nations Organization formed as the regulating institution. The fundamental provision on the right to veto for permanent members of the UN Security Council was included in the UN Charter, and that excluded a possibility for the predominant group of capitalist powers to force their interests upon the others.

The United Nations managed to fulfill its main function over the seven decades, no matter the serious aggravation of contradictions during the Cold War and local armed conflicts in Korea, Vietnam, Afghanistan – to prevent a new world war. A number of civilization partnership projects were carried out, in particular the Soyuz – Apollo project and creation of the International Space Station (ISS), there is cooperation established in the Arctic and Antarctic, the system of control over the proliferation of nuclear weapons was set up as well as over termination of its testing, elimination of chemical weapons, etc.

However, the strategic function of the United Nations weakened in the last quarter of the 20th century. This trend was especially vividly manifested starting from the 1990s, when as a result of the USSR and the world socialist system's disintegration and with the Cold War's end as the background, the United States and other Western

powers demonstrated their aspirations to establish the unipolar world order based on NATO with the USA domineering. This elicited counter moves on the part of China, the economic power and political influence of which are rapidly growing, other independent countries as well as Russia from the end of the 1990s, when the course for the national and civilizational interests' priorities was restored. Contradictions between the leading powers and civilizations aggravated, and that was reflected in S. Huntington's concept about the inevitability of the clash of civilizations.

The UN General Assembly's decision to proclaim 2001 as the United Nations Year of Dialogue among Civilizations and its Resolution of November 8, 2001 "Global Agenda for Dialogue among Civilizations" could not break the trend for aggravation of contradictions. Provocative aggressive actions and armed invasions by the USA, bypassing the UN Security Council, in the Middle East, support of "colour revolutions" in North Africa and international terrorism in Syria led to origination and strengthening of reactionary Islamic movement of the global pseudo-caliphate, formation of the terrorist state of ISIL and the spread of terrorism all over the world, first of all in West European countries. There is a dangerous trend for the dispersed clash of civilizations and war of barbarism against human civilization.

Trends for polarization of the geopolitical situation, prerequisites ripening for social and political partnership of progressive and conservative forces before the growing global threat of reactionary forces and possible clash of civilizations, became apparent since 2015, with aggravation of civilization antagonisms, strengthening of international terrorism, and the United States and NATO open actions with sanctions imposed on Russia as a background.

This was manifested in strengthening of partnership between the rising civilizations and powers (BRICS, Shanghai Cooperation Organization, ASEAN) as an answer to hegemonic actions of declining civilizations and leading powers united in G7 and NATO, as well as in failure to strike Russia by imposing economic and political sanctions. The trends for opposing the reactionary way started growing in Western countries, Japan, that was manifested in the results of the Presidential elections in the United States, Brexit in the UK, Catalonia's attempt at becoming

independent, new alignment of forces in the European Union and more independent Japan's politics in relations with Russia.

The strategy for establishment of the sustainable multipolar world order should be orientated for the period till 2030 and include:

1) acknowledgement of the civilizational character of the global crisis and necessity to lay the urgent transfer from the industrial, market and capitalist civilization to the integral, humanistic and noospheric civilization as the foundation of the strategy;

2) acknowledgement that the leading players on the geopolitical scene are local civilizations, and focus on constructive dialogue and partnership between them;

3) harmonious transformation of all components of the civilization genotype (energy and environmental, social and demographic, technological, economic, social and cultural, and geopolitical);

4) working out goals, mechanisms and institutions of partnership between civilizations, progressive and conservative forces as an answer to threats from reactionary forces;

5) transformation of the United Nations, expansion of competence and increase of responsibility for overcoming the civilization crisis and entering the sustainable development trajectory in cooperation with regional integration associations and nation-states. It's possible to speak about the World Confederation of civilizations and states in the long-term perspective, that will regulate the global civilization development and the society's and nature's co-evolution;

6) taking into account the fact that leadership in taking and carrying out strategic solutions transfers to the generation of the 2020s – overcoming the rift inside this generation, making life easier for it, activation of its activities in forming the new world order model and establishment of the humanistic and noospheric integral civilization.

The sustainable multipolar world order's establishment concept based on civilization partnership is built on these six principles.

The strategy's "tree of goals" includes the general goal, the goals of the first and the second level that can become the basis for working out the system of global strategies and programs, providing achievement of the set goals.

The strategic priorities include:

— global security's strengthening and eradication of wars and international terrorism thanks to practical interaction of civilizations and leading powers, non-proliferation of nuclear weapons, liquidation of other kinds of weapons and transformation of armed forces, military and political blocs into security forces with expansion of their functions, conclusion of an international agreement for exclusion of a possibility to start wars; working out global program for rooting out international terrorism, taking measures to find out the reasons of terrorism and prevention of young people's engagement in it. The long-term perspective includes bringing into life ideas of great thinkers for establishment of the world without wars, demilitarization of economy and society, and multi-purpose use of today's armed forces for prevention and dealing with consequences of natural disasters and technology-related catastrophes and carrying out other humanitarian actions. This will lead to the existence of NATO military bloc having no prospects;

— overcoming the growing energy and environmental crisis, combining efforts for preserving natural resources, processing mineral wealth and its replacement by recycled sources of raw materials and materials, reduction of harmful discharges into the environment, disposal of the accumulated stores of solid waste and improvement of the environment. The offer by the international Organization for Promoting Global Civilization could be useful for that. It offered to work out a plan for one hundred years for complex improvement of the environment presented in 2013 at the IV World Congress of Global Civilization "On the Path to the Noospheric Civilization";

— combining efforts to overcome the social and demographic crisis and depopulation, work out differentiated social and demographic policy focused on moderate increase of the population in the long term, creation of the environment for employment, especially young people, eradication of hunger on the globe, providing the environment for improvement of health and worthy standard of living for the older

generation. Actions of such organizations as WHO, FAO and International Labour Organization should be focused on that. Conclusion of an international agreement for regulation of migration and creation of a global food fund under the auspices of FAO;

— increase of growth rates of efficiency of labour based on scientific and technological breakthrough, mastering and distribution of innovations of the sixth technological wave. It will be required to single out an organization within the United Nations system that will be responsible for coordination of activities in the field of scientific and technological development, create a global technological foundation for “improving” backward countries. The Eurasian outrunning development strategy and setting up the Global Technology Foundation under the UNDP for reduction of the technological gap between vanguard and backward countries will help to solve the said tasks;

— restructuring of the economy’s structure and foreign relations with material production as the priority and reindustrialization of the economy and increase of the agribusiness share, creation of the environment for accelerated development of small and middle-sized enterprises, more just distribution of incomes and eradication of poverty. Overcoming virtual and parasite “bubbles”, development of global anti-monopoly laws, limitation of transnational corporations’ and banks’ activities, optimization of the level and content of globalization. All that will mean establishment of integral economic system based on planning and market regulation of socioeconomic development. It will be required to increase the role of the United Nations and efficiency of the G20 activities for that;

— dialogue and partnership of civilizations, combining their efforts in demonopolization of the intellectual property market, measures to synthesize scientific, educational and information revolutions, improvement of quality, creativity and continuity of education, eradication of illiteracy and assistance to countries with low revenues. Taking measures to revive high culture, preserve world and national cultural heritage and variety, distribute humanistic and noospheric morals, strengthen moral principles of the society and the family. Combining efforts by world and traditional religions may play a significant role in that. It will be required to expand the UNESCO

functions for that, setting up the Global Council for coordination of religions' activities under it. It will be advisable to work out and carry out the program of civilizational education and tourism, set up the Global Scientific and Educational Foundation under the auspices of UNESCO.

It will be required to work out a long-term concept of the United Nations transformation to bring these measures into life and create the institution within the United Nations system to coordinate efforts in the form of a summit of civilizations, including the leading powers from all local civilizations.

The main course to work out and implement the strategy for the sustainable multipolar world order is arrangement of these activities on the Big Eurasian scale, uniting 8 fifth generation civilizations (their number may increase up to 12 in case of differentiation of the Moslem civilization into five local civilizations) and 9 integration associations.

According to the World Bank, 73% of the world population live in these countries, 64% of global GDP are produced, 70% of energy are consumed; CO² discharge amounts to 76% of the global discharge; 65% of expenses for R&D are concentrated here as well as 59% of the share in revenues from intellectual property, with the 88% share in the global high-tech export; the share of defense expenditures is 60%, the share in armed forces personnel is 78%.

The President of the Russian Federation V.V. Putin's initiative to set up the Big Eurasian Partnership as a civilization mega-project, supported by the leaders of a number of the leading powers, is the key to work out and implement the strategy for the sustainable multipolar world order based on partnership of civilizations and integration associations.

Russian academic schools, forming the integral paradigm of social sciences, worked out the scientific foundations for the Big Eurasian Partnership. This supposes first of all to strengthen coordination of such associations as the European Union, Shanghai Cooperation Organization, Eurasian Economic Union, CIS, ASEAN, Organization of Islamic Cooperation, Arab League, Organization of the Black Sea

Economic Cooperation and Euro-Mediterranean Partnership in order to solve common tasks and deal with critical situations formed in the Eurasian space.

Interlinking of the Big Eurasian Partnership megaprogram offered by Russia and the One Belt, One Road Initiative offered by China, the main provisions of which were presented at the International Conference in Beijing in May, 2017, is of great importance. These two initiatives, supplementing and strengthening one another, will give a synergic effect, accelerating achievement of the goals to establish the sustainable multipolar world order and assisting creation of the bases for the integral humanistic and noospheric civilization in the Big Eurasian space.

The key role in implementation of the presented above strategy is given to the United Nations. It's necessary to prevent attempts to solve global problems by-passing the United Nations, but currently the big-numbered and big-link United Nations system is insufficiently efficient and does not correspond to the new historical period. It's necessary to strengthen the strategic civilization direction of the United Nations activities in the process of its forthcoming transformation, the main courses of which were determined in the joint statement of the Russian Federation and the People's Republic of China of July 4, 2017 on the current situation in the world and important international problems¹. It will be required to set up a special institution within the United Nations system, coordinating the activities for the dialogue and partnership of civilizations – the summit of civilizations, to introduce G20 in the United Nations system increasing its responsibility for coordination of activities in economy and regulation of world prices, currency and credit relations with weakening of the International Monetary Fund's and World Bank's role, in which the role of the “golden billion” countries is predominant.

In prospect the role of global society institutions is to be strengthened, we should achieve rational combination of interests and adjust efficient partnership of various social groups, first of all young people. It's required to assist self-organization of the younger generation and provide its sufficient representation in state, regional and global bodies of authority.

¹ <http://www.kremlin.ru/supplement/5218>

After the Western civilization's differentiation in the last quarter of the 20th century into five civilizations (West European, East European, North American, Latin American, Oceanic) differentiation of the mixed Moslem civilization is real in the next decades (Arab, Persian, Turkish, Indo-Moslem and Pacific-Moslem). Because of that we should orientate to their representation by 22 states when determining the subjects of the strategy's realization and the composition of the leading powers of these civilizations: Germany, the UK and France (West European civilization), Czech Republic (East European civilization), Russia and Kazakhstan (Eurasian civilization), China (Chinese civilization), India (Indian civilization), Japan (Japanese civilization), Republic of Korea and Vietnam (Buddhist civilization), South Africa and Nigeria (African civilization), Egypt, Iran, Turkey, Pakistan and Indonesia (Moslem civilization), the USA (North American civilization), Brazil and Mexico (Latin American civilization) and Australia (Oceanic civilization). Besides, the management of the United Nations, UNESCO and the UN Alliance of Civilizations should take part in such summits with full rights. Civilization summits should be held annually, with the states chairing in turn, and the main documents should be sent for the following approval by the United Nations (Security Council or General Assembly).